

State Association of Kansas Watersheds Annual Meeting

THE KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Division of Water Resources — Water Structures

January 30, 2024

Project Overview

- The following areas were included in the evaluation:
 - Dam Permitting/Approval Process
 - Dam Inspection Process
 - Assessment of Risk
 - Compliance and Enforcement
 - Watershed District Act
 - Other Programmatic Challenges
 - Staffing and Funding
 - Staffing Adjustments for Recommended Enhancements



Project Approach

- Compare the Dam Safety Program's regulatory program and processes to other states, national averages and industry standards.
 - Interviews with Program Staff
 - Interviews with other states' Dam Safety Program Representatives
 - Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia
 - Review publications and industry standards
 - ASDSO publications
 - NRCS publications
 - US Fish and Wildlife publications
 - USACE publications





Dam Inspections

- Return to agency-conducted safety inspections.
 - Maintain 3-year rotation for High
 Hazard Potential Dams.
 - Maintain 5-year rotation for

Significant Hazard Potential Dams.

Inspect Low Hazard Potential Dams
 on a 10-year rotation.



Application Fees

- Need to increase application fees to support the services provided.
 - \circ High Hazard Potential Dam \$5,000 New / \$3,000 Modification
 - \circ Significant Hazard Potential Dam \$3,000 New / \$2,000 Modification
 - \circ Low Hazard Potential Dam \$1,500 New / \$1,000 Modification





Registration Fees

- Registration fees are needed to support the services provided.
 - \circ High Hazard Potential Dam \$1,500 / year
 - \circ Significant Hazard Potential Dam \$1,000 / year
- Capped at \$10,000 / year / owner.







Compliance and Enforcement

- Ability to assess civil penalties for dams and stream obstructions for non-compliance with regulations.
- Use risk-informed decision making to prioritize enforcement actions.



Class A Exemptions

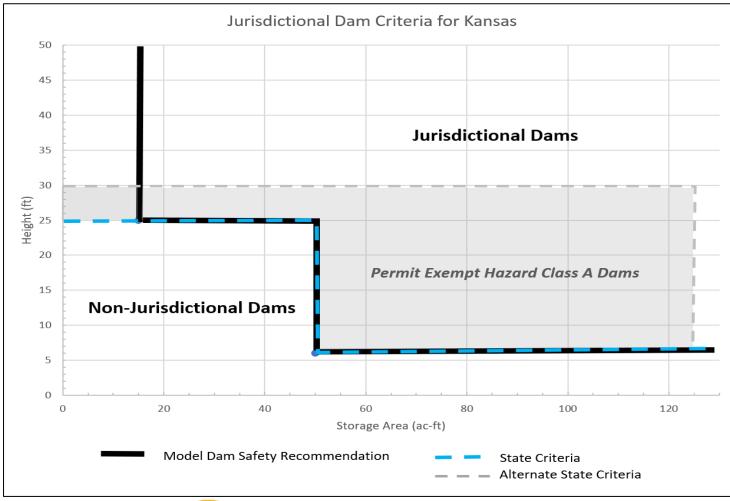
- Remove Class A exemption for a dam that has a height of less than 30 feet and a storage volume of less than 125 acre-feet at the auxiliary spillway.
- Maintain the exemption for confined feeding facilities.





Definitions and Flexibility

- Definition of a Dam (regulated dam)
- Remove permit exemption for hazard class A dams





Staffing

- Kansas ranks 49th of the 50 state dam safety programs on the number of dams per Full Time Equivalent (FTE).
- To perform existing services and proposed inspections, we would need 16 FTEs.





Watershed District Act

• Regulations are needed to clarify requirements of the Act.





Other Recommendations Not Included in the Evaluation

- Road fill dry detention exemption.
 - Exempt state, county, or municipal dry detention road fill dams from dam requirements.
 - $\circ~$ Permit as stream obstruction.





Potential Regulatory Changes

- Use Risk Informed Decision Making to define "Unsafe Dam" in regulations or guidance
- Added flexibility for modifications and repairs
 - Modify K.A.R 5-40-76 (Repair or modification of a permitted dam shall meet the statutes and regulations in effect when the application for repair or modification is filed.)
- Move non-safety standard design criteria to guidance



THANK YOU

Earl Lewis, P.E. Chief Engineer Earl.Lewis@ks.gov Terry Medley, P.E. Water Structures Program Manager Terry.Medley@ks.gov Ambrose Ketter, P.E. Dam Safety, Team Leader <u>Ambrose.Ketter@ks.gov</u>

